Common environmental concerns leading to a common strategy?

The cross regional partnership between Africa and Europe in environmental matters - background and approaches of the development of an environmental human right.

Mag. iur. Mag. phil. Julia Frischhut 2009/2010

Supervisor: Prof. Paolo De Stefani University of Padua

Abstract

The environmental issue in all its variety is currently one of the most important issues on the international community's agenda – an important aspect thereby is the connection between the environment and human rights. The paper will focus on the two regions of Africa and Europe, as they both picked up the challenge and decided to play a special role in the discourse – for themselves as well as regarding their cooperation in environmental matters.

To converge to the topic the paper pictures the respective regions regarding their environmental legislation – on the international, regional and domestic level – as well as the case law decided by their (quasi-) judicial bodies. The main difference between the respective regional human rights regimes is that an environmental *peoples* right is explicitly contained in the main African human rights document, the African Charter, whereas in the European system the European Commission on Human Rights and the European Court on Human Rights step by step developed different aspects of a human right regarding the environment. Another layer is the illustration of the partnership between Africa and Europe, its

Another layer is the illustration of the partnership between Africa and Europe, its development and extent, and the inclusion of the environmental dimension into it.

Tabe of Contents

Introduction	3
Methodology	5
PART I General Framework	6
1. Short introductive history	6
2. The North-South dialogue in environmental matters	8
3. The inner-European position	11
3.1. The European Union	11
3.1.1. Environmental legislation in the EU	11
3.1.2. The EU in international environmental law	16
3.2. The European Human Rights Regime	20
3.3. The European national states	22
4. The inner-African position	25
4.1. The regional level – the African Union and regional environmental treaties	25
4.2. The African national states	29
5. The Partnership between Africa and Europe	32
5.1. The Euro – Mediterranean Partnership	32
5.2. The Trade and Development Cooperation Agreement between the EU and South Africa	33
5.3. The Africa – EU Strategic Partnership	34
5.3.1. Background and development of the partnership	34
5.3.2. The Joint Africa – EU Strategy	37
5.3.3. The Africa – EU Energy Partnership	38
5.3.4. The Africa – EU Climate Change Partnership	39
5.3.5. Future Challenges	40
PART II Case Law	41
6. The African and the European (quasi-) human rights system	41
7. Case law of the European Human Rights Regime	43
7.1. Violations of Art 2 ECHR (Right to life) caused by environmental harm	43
7.2. The right to a remedy for environmental harm	45
7.3. Interference of the peaceful enjoyment of ones possessions (Art 1 ECHR) by environmental harm	47
7.4. The Right to information regarding the environment, the Seveso-case and beyond	48
7.5. Art 8 (respect for private and family life) as the "fundamental environmental right" under the ECHR?7.5.1. Protection from noise pollution	50 50
7.5.2. Protection from harmful industrial activities	51
7.5.3. The Baia Mare environmental disaster	57
7.5.4. Conflicts with other fundamental rights due to environmental protection	59
8. Case law of the African Human Rights Regime	60
8.1. The Right to health	60
8.2. Art 24 African Charter, the SERAC case	60
Conclusion	64
Bibliography	65